

ALSO IN THIS ISSUE -

Reminder – Upcoming Reporting Deadline, Page 2

'Tis the Season for Withdrawing Current-Year Contributions and Recharacterizing a Contribution, *Page 2*

Special Explanation Regarding the Withdrawal of a 2010 "Current-Year" Contribution, CWF Form #67, Page 3

Worksheet to Calculate the Income Related to the Withdrawal of a Current-Year Contribution(s), CWF Form #67-W Current Year, Page 3

Understanding the Recharacterizing of a 2010 Contribution in 2011, Page 4

Use the Proper Forms for Recharacterizations, Page 7

Notice of Internal Recharacterization of IRA Contribution, CWF Form #54-TR1, Page 8

Special Explanation to Accountholder for an IRA Recharacterization for the 2010 Tax Year, CWF Form #56-TREX, Page 8

Collin W. Fritz and Associates, Inc., "The Pension Specialists"



© 2011 Collin W. Fritz and Associates, Ltd. Copyright is not claimed in any material secured from official U.S. Government sources. Published by Collin W. Fritz and Associates, Ltd. Subscription: \$95 per year.

Seek More IRA Contributions

An IRA custodian wants to see its IRA deposits grow. Here are some suggestions.

1. Seek SEP-IRA contributions. A person can establish and fund a SEP-IRA up through his or her tax filing deadline of April 18, 2011, plus tax extensions. The maximum contribution amount is \$49,000 per year.

2. Seek more periodic contributions. In this day and age of web banking an IRA custodian should make it easy for a person to establish an automatic transfer from his or her checking account into either a traditional IRA or a Roth IRA. It should also be easy to stop this transfer, either temporarily or permanently. Inform the person that any contribution is made for the tax year in which the IRA custodian receives it.

3. Seek more Roth IRA contributions. As long as a person still has compensation(and not too much), a person can make a Roth IRA contribution. There is no age $70^{1}/_{2}$ limit. There is no negative consequence to participating in a 401(k)) plan. A person can contribute to both a 401(k) plan or a SEP-IRA and a Roth IRA.

4. Seek more traditional IRA contributions from high income clients. Now that any person with money in a traditional IRA is eligible to make a conversion contribution to a Roth IRA, more individuals will make nondeductible IRA contribution, if it is explained to them why they should make such contributions. Making a nondeductible contribution and then converting it (assumes no other funds within a traditional IRA) has the same effect as making a Roth IRA contribution. Income limits still make many individuals ineligible to make a direct Roth IRA contribution.

2010 IRA Contribution Deadline is Monday, April 18, 2011 Due to Emancipation Day

The federal rule is that when April 15th falls on Saturday, Sunday or a legal holiday, then a tax return is considered timely if filed on the next succeeding day which is NOT a Saturday, Sunday or holiday.

Emancipation Day is April 16th and it is a legal holiday in Washington, D.C. In some years this holiday will impact the deadline for filing federal income tax returns.

In 2011, April 15th falls on Friday. However, Washington D.C. observes Emancipation Day on Friday since it falls on a Saturday. This means in 2011, April 15th is a holiday for federal income tax purposes. Consequently, the filing deadline for all tax forms and payments required to be filed or completed on or before April 15th (as described in Section 6072(a), including the Form 1040 returns) will be Monday April 18th, 2011.

This April 18, 2011 deadline applies to traditional and Roth IRA contributions, HSA contributions and CESA contributions. ◆



Reminder – Upcoming Reporting Deadline

igest

March 31, 2011 – This is the last day to file 2010 1099-R's to the IRS if you do so electronically via modem or the internet.

May 2, 2011 – Fair Market Value statements for Coverdell ESAs must be furnished by this date if the 12-31-10 FMV has not already been reported to the designated beneficiary and the individual has been informed this FMV information will be furnished to the IRS on Form 5498-ESA.

May 31, 2011 – This is the due date for Form 5498, 5498-ESA, 5498-SA to be provided to the accountholders and the IRS. ◆

'Tis the Season for Withdrawing Current-Year Contributions and Recharacterizing a Contribution

IRA Accountholders are now visiting their tax preparers. In some cases, these accountholders will be told they contributed too much to their traditional IRA, Roth IRA or both types of IRAs. They will visit you (i.e. their IRA custodian) so corrective action may be taken.

The tax rules provide two ways for an individual to correct or un-do a current year contribution. A current year contribution may be an excess contribution (i.e. an impermissible contribution), but need not be. An individual may choose to un-do or correct any current year contribution without having to have a qualifying reason to do so.

Method #1 allows the individual to withdraw the excess amount plus the related earnings.

Method #2 allows the individual to recharacterize the excess amount plus the related earnings.

The following discussion is intended to explain to you and your IRA accountholders the special rules applying to withdrawing a current-year contribution and the recharacterizing of a current-year contribution.

Illustration. Jane Doe makes a traditional IRA contribution of \$6,000 in September of 2010. She believes the entire amount would be deductible. It is now March of 2011 and she has just visited her tax prepare. She was informed she needed to withdraw \$2,300. She was told to visit her IRA custodian as soon as possible She has instructed the IRA custodian that she wishes to withdraw the \$2,300 plus the related income. The IRA custodian calculates the income to be \$80.

CWF has prepared a special form, Special Explanation Regarding the Withdrawal of 2010 "Current Year" Contribution. This form explains how the accountholder should handle this transaction on his or her tax return. This is not tax advice. The IRS, in the instructions for the Form 1099-R, asks the IRA custodian to furnish such a notice, since in the situation of when the contribution was made in 2010 and withdrawn in 2011, the 2011 Form 1099-R with a reason code "P" will not be furnished to the accountholder until January of 2012. This distribution must be included on the 2010 tax return, since the law requires that the income be taxed in the year in which the contribution was made, and not the year for which the contribution was made. In this case, the income is actually earned in both 2010 and 2011, but it is taxed in 2010. If you don't use such a form or similar form, you should.

Use the proper forms for withdrawing current contributions.

- IRA Distribution Form (CWF #57)
- Special Explanation Regarding the Withdrawal of 2010 "Current Year" Contribution (CWF #67A)
- Worksheet to Calculate the Income Related to the Withdrawal of a Current-Year Contribution(s) (CWF #67-W) ◆

Special Explanation Regarding the Withdrawal of a 2010 "Current-Year" Contr ntribution



© 2069 Collin W. Fritz & Associates, Ltd.

@ 2011 Collin W. Fritz & Associates, Ltd.

Custodian/Trustee:	
Accountholder's Name:	
Social Security Number: _	IRA Account Number:
urrent-year contribution is o nade at any time in 2010, f	he Accountholder, the complex rules for the withdrawal of a "current-year" contribution. A one for which the tax deadline (plus extensions) has not yet passed. Thus, a contribution for 2010, or between January 1, 2011, and April 15, 2011, for 2010 (during the carryback int-year contribution for 2010.
f you satisfy the following contribution from your IRA.	three (3) requirements, you will not be taxed on the withdrawal of a 2010 current-year
) You must withdraw the co	ontribution by April 15, 2011, or such other date as is explained on the reverse side,
) No deduction must have t	been allowed for the contribution for the tax year in question; and
	come earned by the contribution must also be withdrawn. The interest or other income in must be included in your gross income, and the 10% additional tax on a distribution prior if applicable.
	Accountholder's Instructions to Withdraw and Signature
On	(specify date) I contributed \$ to my IRA
account for the 2010 ta custodian/trustee) to with	ax year. On this date, I hereby instruct you (the adraw \$ plus the related income of \$
Signature of Accountholder	Date
	Special Explanation by Custodian/Trustee— Because Action is Required by the Accountholder
On	
contribution and \$	is the related income (i.e. earnings/interest).
contribution and \$ fou must reflect on your F amounts on your Federal inc	Federal income tax return <u>all amounts</u> distributed to you. However, you will reflect two come tax return: the gross amount and the taxable amount. We expressly recommend that visor or preparer, or that you review IRS Publication 590. The following paragraphs discuss

White--Custodian/Trustee Yellow--Acministrator

IRA #67 (8/09)

IRA #67-W (Current Year) (03/11)

Worksheet to Calculate the Income Related to the Withdrawal of a Current-Year Contribution(s) Custodian/Trustee Information Name
 Name

 Address

 Clly
 State

 Ztp

 Attn:
 Phone
 Accountholder IRA Account Information Account Number Type: O Traditional O Roth Purpose: This form is used to calculate the interest or other income earned with respect to a current-year contribution which is being withdrawn under Internal Revenue Code section 408(d)(4). The formula set forth in IRC Regulation 1.408-4(c)(1) is being used. Date of Contribution(s) Amount of Contribution(s) Date of Distribution 1. Amount of Current-Year Contribution(s) to be Withdrawn. 1. ____
 2. Adjusted Closing Balance:
 a.
 FMV (immediately prior to withdrawal)
 2(a).

 (FMV = Principal + Interest + Accrued Interest)
 b.
 Distributions during computation period
 2(b).

 c. Total Adjusted Closing Balance (line 2a + 2b)
 Computation period
 Computation
 2(c).
 3. Adjusted Opening Balance:
 3(a).

 a. FMV (immediately prior to contribution)
 3(a).

 (FMV = Principal + Interest + Accrued Interest)
 0(a).

 b. Contributions during computation period
 3(b).

 c. Total Adjusted Opening Balance (line 3a + 3b)
 3(b).
 3(c). 4. Subtract line 3c from line 2c (this may be a negative number) 4. _____ 5. Divide line 4 by line 3c (a quotient to 6 decimal places) 5. _____ 6. Income (loss) Related to the Current-Year Contribution Being Withdrawn (multiply line 5 by line 1) 6. 7. Total amount to be withdrawn (line 1 + 6) 7. Signature of Custodian/Trustee Date Signature of Accountholder Date Additional Discussion – See Reverse Side

Understanding the Recharacterizing of a 2010 Contribution in 2011

ension

Jigest

This time of year is the season for recharacterizations. People are visiting their tax accountants. The accountants will be telling some of your accountholders they should recharacterize some or all of a Roth IRA conversion made in 2010. Or, they may tell the accountholder that they were ineligible to make a \$5,000/\$6,000 contribution to their Roth IRA or that they do not wish to make their contribution to the traditional IRA, as it is non-deductible. The point is-you, as an IRA custodian or trustee, can expect to see some of your IRA accountholders instruct you that they want to recharacterize a contribution made in 2010, for 2010, before he or she files a 2010 federal income tax return in 2011. Most such accountholders will normally complete the recharacterization on or before the tax-filing deadline for 2010. This is April 18, 2011. However, a person will have until October 17, 2011, to recharacterize a contribution. A person who timely files his or her 2010 income tax return without having made a recharacterization, may file an amended return and still make the recharacterization within six months of the due date of his or her return, excluding extensions.

This explanation focuses on how you can assist your customer(s) to understand how he or she will need to handle the recharacterization on his or her 2010 income tax return. Recharacterizations are confusing to everyone involved. This is especially true for 2010 contributions which are recharacterized in 2011, because, as with excess contributions, these recharacterization transactions will be reported on the 2011 Form 1099-R and the 2011 Form 5498, which are not furnished until January of 2012 and May 2012. These forms obviously arrive well after the time the accountholder needs the information to file his or her 2010 federal income tax return. This is why the IRS requires an IRA custodian to furnish a written explanation to the accountholder and why the accountholder should attach a note of explanation to their federal income tax return.

Three situations are illustrated: (1) recharacterizing a Roth IRA contribution to be a contribution to a traditional IRA; (2) recharacterizing a contribution to a traditional IRA to be a contribution to a Roth IRA, and (3) recharacterizing a conversion contribution.

Situation #1. Annual Roth IRA Contribution Recharacterized to a Traditional IRA Contribution

Lisa Water made a \$5,000 contribution to a Roth IRA on 1-10-10, for 2010. The fair market value of this IRA as of 12-31-10 was \$5,100. Lisa is not married, and she is not an active participant in an employer-sponsored plan. Her MAGI for 2010 was \$123,000. Therefore, she has determined that she is not eligible to make a contribution to a Roth IRA. There were earnings of \$130 related to the contribution of \$5,000 as of 3-3-11. One of the methods to correct an excess contribution is to recharacterize it. She chose to recharacterize this contribution, plus earnings, on 3-3-11. Assume the fair market value of this IRA as of 12-31-11 will be \$5,400.

Step #1. Accountholder Must Instruct to Recharacterize

The individual must instruct you (the IRA custodian) to recharacterize. The individual is required to furnish you with very specific information. You can make his/her task easier by making available to your accountholder a form such as CWF's "Notice of Recharacterization of IRA Contribution" as set forth on page 8.

Step #2. You (the IRA Custodian) Must Furnish an Explanation to the Accountholder

You should furnish an explanation to your accountholder similar to the one on page 8.

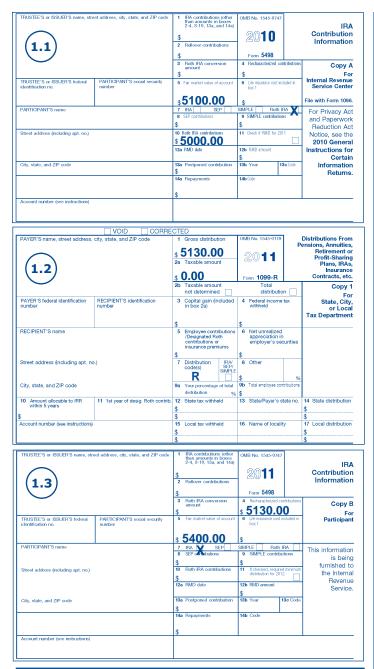
Step #3. You Will Prepare the Various Reporting Forms

1.1 You will prepare a 2010 Form 5498 to report the original contribution to the Roth IRA of \$5,000 as shown and the FMV as of 12-31-10.

1.2 You will prepare a 2011 Form 1099-R to report the "deemed" distribution from the Roth IRA to the traditional IRA. It should be reported as follows. Box 1 is to be completed with the gross distribution amount (\$5,130) and box 2a is to be completed with a 0.00. The reason code in box 7 is to be an "R" for recharacterization.

1.3 You will prepare a 2011 Form 5498 to report the recharacterized contribution (plus earnings) to the traditional IRA of \$5,130 and the balance of \$5,400 as of December 31, 2011.





Situation #2. Annual Traditional IRA Contribution Recharacterized to be a Roth IRA Contribution

Sara Roe made a \$5,000 contribution to a traditional IRA on 2-10-10, for 2010, rather than a Roth IRA. The fair market value of this traditional IRA was \$5,125 as of 12-31-10. Sara is not married. She is an active participant in an employer-sponsored plan. Her MAGI was \$92,000. There were earnings of \$140 related to the contribution of \$5,000 as of 2-20-11. Sara has determined, on 2-20-11, she will recharacterize her traditional IRA contribution, to be a Roth IRA contribution,

because she is not able to claim a deduction for her \$5,000 contribution to the traditional IRA. Assume the fair market value of this IRA as of 12-31-11, will be \$5,300.

Step #1. Accountholder Must Instruct to Recharacterize

The individual must instruct you (the IRA custodian) to recharacterize. The individual is required to furnish you with very specific information. You can make his or her task easier by making available to your account-holder a form such as CWF's "Notice of Recharacterization of IRA Contribution" as set forth on page 8, or a similar form.

Step #2. You (IRA Custodian) Must Furnish an Explanation to the Accountholder

You should furnish your accountholder an explanation similar to the one shown in Step #2 of Situation #1.

Step #3. You Will Prepare the Various Reporting Forms

2.1 You will prepare a 2010 Form 5498 to report the original contribution to the traditional IRA of \$5,000. It should be reported as shown.

	et address, city, state, and ZIP code	1 IRA contributions (other than amounts in boxes 2-4, 8-10, 13a, and 14a) \$ 50000.00 2 Rollover contributions \$	OMB No. 1545-0747		IRA Contribution Information
		 φ 3 Roth IRA conversion amount 	4 Recharacterized co	ntributions	Copy A
		s amount	\$		For
TRUSTEE'S or ISSUER'S federal identification no.	PARTICIPANT'S social security number	5 Fair market value of account	6 Life insurance cost inc box 1	cluded in	Internal Revenue Service Center
		\$5125.00	\$		File with Form 1096.
PARTICIPANT'S name		7 IRA SEP	SIMPLE Roth I		For Privacy Act
		8 SEP contributions	9 SIMPLE contributio	ns	and Paperwork
		\$	\$		Reduction Act
Street address (including apt. no.)		10 Roth IRA contributions	11 Check if RMD for 20	11	Notice, see the
		\$			2010 General
		12a RMD date	12b RMD amount		Instructions for Certain
City, state, and ZIP code		13a Postponed contribution \$	13b Year 1	3c Code	Information Returns.
		14a Repayments	14b Code		Returns.
PAYER'S name, street address,	city, state, and zin code	1 Gross distribution	OMB No. 1545-0119		Distributions From ensions, Annuities,
(2.2)		\$ 5140.00 2a Taxable amount	20 11		Retirement or Profit-Sharing Plans, IRAs, Insurance Contracts, etc.
2.2		2a Taxable amount \$ 0.00	20 11 Form 1099-R		Profit-Sharing Plans, IRAs, Insurance Contracts, etc.
2.2		2a Taxable amount \$ 0.00	Form 1099-R Total distributio	on 🗌	Profit-Sharing Plans, IRAs, Insurance Contracts, etc. Copy 1
2.2 PAYER'S federal identification number	RECIPIENT'S identification number	2a Taxable amount	Total		Profit-Sharing Plans, IRAs, Insurance Contracts, etc. Copy 1 For State, City, or Local
		2a Taxable amount 3 Capital gain (included in box 2a)	Total distributio 4 Federal income withheld		Profit-Sharing Plans, IRAs, Insurance Contracts, etc. Copy 1 For State, City,
		2a Taxable amount 5 0.00 2b Taxable amount not determined 3 Capital gain (included in box 2a) 5 Employee contributions or insurance premiums	Total distributio 4 Federal income withheld 5 6 Net unrealized appreciation in employer's sec	tax	Profit-Sharing Plans, IRAs, Insurance Contracts, etc. Copy 1 For State, City, or Local
number	number	2a Taxable amount \$ 0.00 2b Taxable amount not determined 3 Capital gain (included in box 2a) \$ 5 5 Employee contributions om insurance premiums ocatifuitories or insurance premiums 7 Distribution Statubulion	Total distributio 4 Federal income withheld 5 6 Net unrealized appreciation in appreciation in spore sec 5 8 Other	tax curities	Profit-Sharing Plans, IRAs, Insurance Contracts, etc. Copy 1 For State, City, or Local
RECIPIENT'S name	number	2a Taxable amount s 0.00 2b Taxable amount not determined in box 2a) 5 5 7 7 7 7 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Total distributio distributio 4 Federal income withheld \$ 6 Net unrealized appreciation in employer's sec \$ 8 Other \$ 9b Total employee con	tax tax %	Profit-Sharing Plans, IRAs, Insurance Contracts, etc. Copy 1 For State, City, or Local
number RECIPIENT'S name Street address (including apt. nc	number	2a Taxable amount <u>s</u> 0.00 2b Taxable amount not determined in box 2a) 5 Encloyee contributions 7 Detributions or insurance performance 8 9 9 9 9 9 10 Your percentage of total 10 State tax withheld	Total Gistributio distributio 4 Federal income withheld \$ 6 Net unrealized appreciation in employer's set \$ 9 Other \$ 9 Total employee con	tax curities %	Profit-Sharing Plans, IRAs, Insurance Contracts, etc. Copy 1 For State, City, or Local Tax Department 14 State distribution
number RECIPIENT'S name Street address (including apt. nc City, state, and ZIP code 10 Amount allocable to IRR within 5 years	number	2a Taxable amount <u>s</u> 0.00 2b Taxable amount not determined in box 2a)	Total distributio 4 Federal income withheld 5 Not unrealized appreciation in employer's sec 5 8 Other 5 9b Total employee con 5	tax curities %	Profit-Sharing Plans, IRAs, Insurance Contracts, etc. Copy 1 For State, City, or Local Tax Department 14 State distribution \$
number RECIPIENT'S name Street address (including apt. nc City, state, and ZIP code 10. Amount allocable to IRR	number	2a Taxable amount <u>s</u> 0.00 2b Taxable amount not determined in box 2a) 5 Encloyee contributions 7 Detributions or insurance performance 8 9 9 9 9 9 10 Your percentage of total 10 State tax withheld	Total distributio 4 Federal income withheld 5 Not unrealized appreciation in employer's sec 5 8 Other 5 9b Total employee con 5	tax % tributions tate no.	Profit-Sharing Plans, IRAs, Insurance Contracts, etc. Copy 1 For State, City, or Local Tax Department 14 State distribution
number RECIPIENT'S name Street address (including apt. nc City, state, and ZIP code 10 Amount allocable to IBR within Syears \$	number	2a Taxable amount s 0.00 2b Taxable amount not determined in box 2a) 5 Encloyee contributions or neurace permisms 7 Distribution 7 Distribution 8 State percentage of total distribution 9 A You percentage of total 12 State tax withheid 5	Total distributio distributio 4 Federal income withheld 5 6 Not urrealized employer's sec 5 8 Other 5 9 Total employer's so 5 13 State/Payer's s	tax % tributions tate no.	Profit-Sharing Plans, IRAs, Insurance Contracts, etc. Copy 1 For State, City, Tax Department 14 State distribution \$

2.2 You will prepare a 2011 Form 1099-R to report the "deemed" distribution from the traditional IRA to the Roth

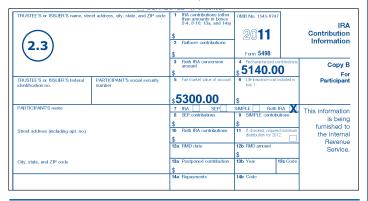
Continued on page 7



Recharacterizing, Continued from page 5

IRA. It should be reported as follows. Box 1 is to be completed with the gross distribution amount (\$5,140) and box 2a is to be completed 0.00. The reason code in box 7 is to be an "R" for recharacterization.

2.3 You will prepare a 2011 Form 5498 to report the recharacterized contribution (plus earnings) to the Roth IRA of \$5,140. It should be reported as shown.



Situation #3. Recharacterizing a Conversion Contribution from a Traditional IRA to a Roth IRA

Francoise Bell converted \$30,000 from her traditional IRA to a Roth IRA on 1-15-10. The fair market value of this Roth IRA was \$15,000 as of 12-31-10 and as of 3-1-11. She is not married. On 3-1-11, her accountant told her she should recharacterize this amount because of the decrease in FMV. The related income is a negative \$15,000. The recharacterized amount is \$15,000. She elects to recharacterize this conversion contribution on 3-1-11. Assume the fair market value of the traditional IRA as of 12-31-11 will be \$15,800.

Step #1. Accountholder Must Instruct to Recharacterize

The individual must instruct you (the IRA custodian) to recharacterize. The individual is required to furnish you with very specific information. You can make his or her task easier by making available to your accountholder a form such as CWF's "Notice of Recharacterization of IRA Contribution" set forth on page 8 or a similar form.

Step #2. You (IRA Custodian) Must Furnish an Explanation to the Accountholder

You should furnish your accountholder an explanation similar to the one shown in Step #2 of Situation #1.

Step #3. You Will Prepare the Various Reporting Forms

3.1 You will prepare a 2010 Form 5498 to report the original conversion contribution to the Roth IRA of \$30,000 as shown.

3.2 You will prepare a 2011 Form 1099-R to report the "deemed" distribution from the Roth IRA to the traditional IRA. It should be reported as follows. Box 1 is to be completed with the gross distribution amount (\$33,900) and box 2a is to be completed 0.00. The reason code in box 7 is to be an "R" for recharacterization.

3.3 Prepare a 2011 Form 5498 to report the recharacterized contribution (plus earnings) of \$33,900 to the traditional IRA. It should be reported as shown below.

TRI

PA

Ao

ISTEE'S or ISSUER'S name, street address, city, state, and ZIP code		1	than am	tributions (other iounts in boxes 0, 13a, and 14a)		No. 1545-07	17	IBA
\sim		\$	0.1	contributions	G	2010		Contribution Information
3.1)		\$			1	orm 5498		
$\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{\mathbf{$				A conversion	4 1	techaracterized	contributions	Copy A For
JSTEE'S or ISSUER'S federal htification no.	PARTICIPANT'S social security number			et value of account	6	ife insurance cost ox 1	included in	Internal Revenue Service Center
		\$	150	00.00	\$			File with Form 1096.
RTICIPANT'S name		7 8 \$	IRA SEP contr	SEP	SIMPI 9 S \$	E Roti IMPLE contribu	ions X	For Privacy Act and Paperwork Beduction Act
eet address (including apt. no.)		10 I \$	Roth IRA -	contributions	11 0	heck if RMD for	2011	Notice, see the 2010 General
		12a	RMD dat	0	12b \$	RMD amount		Instructions for Certain
r, state, and ZIP code		\$		red contribution	13b		13c Code	Information Returns.
		14a	Repaym	ients	14b (ode		
ount number (see instructions)		\$						
= 100								

PAYER'S name, street address,	city, state, and ZIP code	1	Gross distribution	OV	4B No. 1545-0119		Distributions From ensions, Annuities,
(3.2)		\$ 2a	15000.00 Taxable amount 0.00	0	20 11	P	Retirement or Profit-Sharing Plans, IRAs, Insurance Contracts, etc.
		ф 2b	Taxable amount not determined		Total distributio	n 🗌	Copy 1 For
PAYER'S federal identification number	RECIPIENT'S identification number	3	Capital gain (included in box 2a)	4	Federal income withheld	tax	State, City, or Local Tax Department
		\$		\$			
RECIPIENT'S name		5	Employee contributions /Designated Roth contributions or insurance premiums	6	Net unrealized appreciation in employer's see		
		\$		\$			
Street address (including apt. no)	7	Code(s) R SEP/ SIMPLE		Other	96	
City, state, and ZIP code		9a	Your percentage of total	9b	Total employee cor	tributions	
			distribution %	\$			
10 Amount allocable to IRR within 5 years	11 1st year of desig. Roth contrib.	12 \$	State tax withheld	13	State/Payer's s	tate no.	14 State distribution \$
\$		\$					\$
Account number (see instructions)		15 \$	Local tax withheld	16	Name of locali	ty	17 Local distribution \$
		\$		T			¢

TRUSTEE'S or ISSUER'S name, stre-	et address, city, state, and ZIP code	1	IRA contributions (other than amounts in boxes 2-4, 8-10, 13a, and 14a)	OMB No.	1545-074	7	IBA										
\bigcirc		\$	Bollover contributions	20	11		Contribution										
(3.3)		2	Rollover contributions				mormation										
		\$			5498												
\smile		3	Roth IRA conversion amount	4 Rech		ontributions	Сору В										
TRUSTEE'S or ISSUER'S federal identification no.	PARTICIPANT'S social security number	\$ 5	Fair market value of account		surance cos		For Participant										
		\$	15800.00	\$													
PARTICIPANT'S name		7	IRA SEP	SIMPLE 9	Rott		This information										
		ŝ	SEP contributions	\$ 51/1			is being furnished to										
Street address (including apt. no.)	apt. no.)											10	Roth IRA contributions	11 If che distrib	cked, requi	ed minimum 12.	the Internal
		\$	BMD date	12b BMD	amount		Revenue										
				\$			Service.										
City, state, and ZIP code		13	a Postponed contribution	13b Year		13c Code											
		\$		14b Code													
		140	a Repayments	140 COD	•												
		\$															
Account number (see instructions)																	



Recharacterizing, Continued from page 6

Conclusion. You will certainly be receiving requests to recharacterize, in calendar year 2011, a contribution which was made in calendar year 2010. Taxpayers and their accountants are beginning to understand the concept of recharacterizing a contribution as a correction tool. The instructions for the Form 8606 state the taxpayer is to attach a statement explaining the recharacterization. This explanation should indicate the total amount recharacterized, the original contribution, the earnings or loss, and the amount that is now deductible, if applicable. The instructions also indicate that an IRA custodian has the duty to furnish this same information to the accountholder.

Use the Proper Forms for Recharacterizations

With tax season upon us, many individuals will be told by their accountants that, because of income limits, they are not eligible to deduct their traditional IRA contributions made for 2010. That is, they made too much money, and are not allowed to make a deductible contribution to their IRA. The easiest solution to this problem is to recharacterize the contribution to be a Roth IRA contribution instead.

A recharacterization can only be made for 2010, if it is accomplished by the tax-filing deadline of the individual plus six months. The normal tax-filing deadline for most individuals is April 15. Generally, then, an individual has until October 15, 2011, to recharacterize an IRA contribution made for 2010.

It is important to document this recharacterization, so that the custodians of both IRAs are aware of the transaction. CWF has created special forms for this situation.

One form is CWF's Form #54-TR "Notice of Recharacterization of IRA Contribution" is recommended. It collects the following information:

1. Type and amount of the contribution to the first IRA that is to be recharacterized.

2. The date on which the initial contribution was made.

3. A direction to the custodian/trustee of the first IRA to transfer the amount of the contribution, plus the allocable net income, in a trustee-to-trustee transfer to the custodian/trustee of the second IRA.

4. The name of the first and second custodian/trustee.

5. Acknowledgement by the accountholder, current and successor custodian that they understand the situation and the recharacterization will be handled and reported correctly.

An institution will also want the accountholder to understand the tax issues associated with a recharacterization, and how the individual must handle it on their tax return. CWF Form #56-TREX for 2010 provides this information.

The income earned on the amount recharacterized may also be transferred with no tax penalty. This is a valuable tax advantage. CWF has created a form to use to calculate the applicable interest on the contribution—Form #67-W.

Of course, the applicable plan agreement must also be completed, if the individual does not already have the correct type of IRA established.

Summary. Recharacterizations are becoming more popular. A financial institution will want to be certain to document these transactions correctly. The forms used must collect the needed information concerning the funds in question, the accountholder, the current IRA custodian/trustee and the successor custodian/ trustee. CWF has these special forms available. ◆

Notice of Internal Recharacterization of IRA Contribution

Date _ Phone

SSN

Amour

Date of Birth

Phone: Home _____ Work ____

Account Number: Date of Contribution:

The Recharacterized Contribution

Acknowledgments & Signatures

To: Custodian/Trustee

Name		_
Address		_
City	State Zip	
From: Deposito	r or Grantor	
Maria		

The Original Contribution

Account Number: Date of Contribution: _ Amount

- Type of Original Contribution (Check only one)
 Type of Recharacterized Contribution
 1. Conversion:Rollover to Roth IRA from a traditional IRA → 1. Return to the traditional IRA
 2. Conversion to Roth IRA from a SEP-IRA or SIMPLE-IRA → 2. Return to the SEP-IRA or SIMPLE-IRA
 3. Annual contribution to a Roth IRA for ______ tax y+→ 3. Annual contribution to a traditional IRA for the same tax year
 5. Transfer or rollover to a SIMPLE-IRA from a traditional IRA → 5. Return to the traditional IRA
 6. Conversion:Rollover to Roth IRA for an employer → 6. Return to a traditional IRA
 sponsored plan (other than a rollover of Designated Roth funds)

_ State ___ Zip_____

Instruction & Amount to Recharacterize I elect to recharacterize \$ Which is O all or O a portion of my original contribution.

It is adjusted by:

Address ____

City__

- a. Related Earnings (losses) b. Interest Penalty Fee c. Administrative Fee
- d. Other ______ e. Recharacterized Net Amount ______

Description of Assets Being Recharacterized

Depositor or Grantor: ____ Date: ___

IRA Custodian/Trustee:

IRA Custodian' Instee: We acknowledge receiving your recharacterization instruction. We will report the original contribution on Form 5498. We will report the distribution for recharacterization on Form 1099-R per the current IRS instructions, and we will also report the recharac-terization contribution on a Form 5498.

Acknowledgments & Signatures Depositor or Grantor I acknowledge that you have instructed me to consult with my legal or tax advisor because of the complexity and importance of this matter. I have read the information on the reverse side of this sheet. This recharacterization is being made on or before the due date (including extensions) for filing my individual federal income tax return for the taxable year for which the contribution was made or other applicable deadins. I expressly assume all responsibility for this recharacterization of IRA funds. I realize that my election to recharacterize my contribution is irrevocable.

Custodian/Trustee: Date:

Special Notice. A person who recharacterizes an IRA contribution needs to follow the pertinent IRS instructions for recharacterizations set forth for Form 8606. In general, you will need to attach an explanation to your tax return. Your IRA custodian/trustee should be fur-nishing you with a special form(s) to be used to provide this explanation.

🛃 IRA #54-TR1 (10/09)

Special Explanation to Accountholder for an IRA Recharacterization for the 2010 Tax Year (Name of Accountholder) The purpose of this special explanation is to provide you with information about your recharacterization. You recharacterized a contribution which you made for the 2010 tax year.

You will need to properly report and explain your recharacterization when you file your 2010 federal income tax return. We have furnished to you a copy of the IRA Recharacterization Form which you executed. You will also want to review the 2010 instructions for Form 8606. The IRS' instructions require you, as the IRA accountholder, to attach an explanation to your income tax return indicating the original contribution amount, the amount which was recharacterized, and the amount of earnings which was recharacterized. You may attach a copy of the IRA Recharacterization Form for this purpose.

In some situations you will need to do more than just attach an explanatory statement. If both the original contribution and the recharacterization occurred during 2010, then you must also include on the 2010 tax return the amount deemed distributed from the one IRA on Form 1040, line 15(a) (or similar form). This is the gross amount you recharacterized. You should also complete line 15(b), the taxable amount, with zero. If the recharacterization of the contribution for 2010 occurred in 2011 then you only need to attach the explanatory statement.

Accountholder [Date	
-----------------	------	--

Custodian Date _

White --- Gustodian/Trustee --- Yellow --- Accountholder

© 2009 Collin W. Fritz & Associates. Ltd.

IRA #56-TREX for 2010(8/09)

February 2011 Page 8